

# 2025 Industrial Groundwater Conservation Plan Status Report

**Your completed Groundwater Conservation Plan Status Report is due: June 30, 2025.** Please submit your completed report to: Edwards Aquifer Authority, Attn: Groundwater Conservation Department, 900 E. Quincy, San Antonio, TX 78215.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Permit Holder Name:	
POU No.:	
CONTACT INFORMATION	
Contact Person:	
Contact Address (City, State, Zip):	
	Contact Fax Number:
Contact Email Address:@	
Brief Description of Water Use: (i.e., golf course,	, nursery, athletic field, etc.):
Total Number of Connections in Service Area	a (Edwards Aquifer and Non-Edwards water):
Total Number of Edwards Aquifer Connectio	ons:

#### CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the information given herewith is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature of Contact Representative:	Date:	

# **Industrial Best Management Practices**

Your completion of the above Industrial BMPs must be consistent with the following chart.

Mandatory BMPs	ГО Be Implemented
All Industrial Users	Ind-1 System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair
All Industrial Users	Ind-2 Waste Water Prohibition

Optional BMPs		
More than Five Connections (If Applicable)	Ind-3 Sub-Metering	
If Applicable	Ind-4 Landscape Conservation Programs	
If Applicable	Ind-5 Golf Course Conservation	
If Applicable	Ind-6 Athletics Field Conservation	
If Applicable	Ind-7 Nursery Conservation	
If Applicable	Ind-8 Cooling Tower Conservation	
If Applicable	Ind-9 Conservation Programs for Industrial Users	

#### USING NON-AQUIFER ALTERNATIVE WATER

If you have recently obtained the use of an alternative water source to replace or supplement the use of Edwards Aquifer groundwater from your well, please indicate the source, amount and date you obtained the alternative source of water.

#### Ind-1 SYSTEM WATER AUDITS, LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIR

#### Required to be implemented by all industrial users.

#### System Water Audit

Under this BMP, industrial permit holders must conduct annual pre-screening system audits to determine if full-scale system audits are necessary. If a permit holder fails to account for a minimum of 85% of a system's water use, the permit holder must conduct a full-scale distribution system water audit. Unaccounted water losses must be no more than 15% of total water in the system.

1.	Have you completed your annual pre-screening system water audit?	(Circle One)	Yes	No
	If so, please indicate the date of completion.			
2.	What was your total metered supply into the system (Total Edwards Aq	uifer water produced fr	om well)?	

2022	acre-feet
2023	acre-feet
2024	acre-feet

- 3. Please provide your total sub-metered or verified end use amounts below *(facilities, irrigation systems, water using equipment, mobile homes, RV connections, etc.).* 
  - 2022\_\_\_\_\_\_ acre-feet

2023 \_\_\_\_\_\_ acre-feet

2024 \_\_\_\_\_\_ acre-feet

What percentage of your water use was accounted for?
 Formula: Accounted water = sub-metered or verifiable use (see #3 above) / Total metered supply into system (see # 2 above) x 100.

2022\_\_\_\_\_%

2023 \_\_\_\_\_\_%

2024 %

If metered end-use plus other verifiable use represents less than 85% of total supply into the system, a full-scale system water audit is necessary.

5. Have you conducted a full-scale distribution system water audit? (Circle One) Yes No

If you have conducted a full-scale water audit, please submit any documentation of your findings and the date the audit was completed.

6. If you have not yet conducted a full-scale system water audit and your pre-screened water audit represents less than 85% of total supply into the system, what are your plans to complete your audit?

Leak Detection and Repair Program: Perform distribution system leak detection when warranted, and repair identified leaks.

- 7. Are you currently maintaining a leak detection and repair program? (Circle one) Yes No
- 8. If so, please give a brief description of your leak detection and repair program if not already provided. In addition, please describe any major repairs you have made to your system that was identified by your leak detection and repair program.

9. For any water loss you may have had, please explain what measures are being taken to prevent water loss in the future:

#### **Ind-2 WATER WASTE PROHIBITION**

#### Required to be implemented by all industrial users.

Water Waste Prohibition measures are actions intended to prohibit specific wasteful activities.

1. Have you adopted any policies or taken measures to prohibit wasteful activities by your customers and staff including but not limited to the following? (Circle All That Apply)

a.	Prohibition of landscape irrigation.	Yes	No
b.	Runoff from property.	Yes	No

(Note: Water utilities shall establish a monitoring and enforcement program of residential and nonresidential landscape irrigation in accordance with the prohibition of residential or non-residential landscape irrigation during period of peak water loss due to evapotranspiration, typically between the hours following 10:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m.) pursuant to EDWARDS AQUIFER AUTHORITY Rules §715.122. This section applies irrespective of whether a customer is within the city limits of the extraterritorial jurisdiction of a municipal water utility.

2. If you have circled "No" to any of the above please give a brief explanation as to the reason why.

3. If you have not already done so, please submit a copy of any adopted policy or measure to prohibit wasteful water activities to the Edwards Aquifer Authority.

#### **Ind-3 SUB-METERING**

#### Optional

Sub-metering is an effective method of tracking water usage when water is used in multiple and distinctly different processes. Under this BMP, permit holders with more than five connections must perform a feasibility study to determine the benefits of installing submeters on facilities or equipment which comprise 20% or more of the permit holder's total water use, and have a distinctly different end-use. The permit holder must also conduct a study to determine the feasibility of installing dedicated landscape sub-meters.

1. Have you conducted a feasibility study to determine the benefits of installing sub-meters on facilities or equipment that comprises at least 20% of the applicant's total water use? If so, please describe the results of your feasibility study below.

2. Have you conducted a feasibility study to determine the benefits of installing dedicated landscape sub-meters? If so, please describe the results of the study below.

3. Please provide a description of your sub-metering program and any sub-meters you have installed on facilities, equipment or irrigation systems used to assist you in accounting for your water use and or water loss.

POU Number:

#### Ind-4 LANDSCAPE CONSERVATION PROGRAMS

#### Optional to implement if your well is used for landscape irrigation.

Landscape conservation programs are an effective method of accounting for and reducing outdoor water usage. This BMP is intended for permit holders who use permitted water to irrigate landscape area or for any outdoor irrigation. Implementation of this BMP involves performing the following practices: *Landscape Water-Use Survey, ETo Based Irrigation, Irrigation System Maintenance, and Landscape Design.* 

1. Have you already conducted a landscape water-use survey? (Circle One) Yes No

If yes, please describe the results of your landscaping water-use survey below. Please provide a copy of same.

Please complete and return to the EAA the Landscape and Irrigation Water-Use Survey which is attached.

2. Have you developed reference evapotranspiration (ETo)-based irrigation schedules that are equal to no more than 80% of evapotranspiration? If so, what was your estimated ETo-based irrigation schedule and annual water savings?

3. If your landscape use has exceeded 20% of total use, have you installed a dedicated landscape meter? If so, describe the results obtained in using a dedicated landscape irrigation meter.

#### Ind-5 GOLF COURSE CONSERVATION

#### Optional to be implemented if your well is used for golf course irrigation.

Golf course conservation is an effective method of reducing regional groundwater demands. Under this BMP, the permit holder must conduct a landscape survey to determine reference evapotranspiration (ETo)-based irrigation schedules. A watering regimen is to be developed that uses only the amount of groundwater necessary to maintain the viability of the course and maintain the course in a safe condition and the groundwater must only be applied to areas that are essential to the use of the course. Utilization of a computer-controlled irrigation system (CCIS), or similar technology is required. If non-Edwards aquifer water is available, the permit holder must convert to use of such non-Edwards aquifer water as soon as is practicable.

1. Have you performed a landscape survey to determine ETO-based irrigation schedules? (Circle One) Yes No

If so, please describe below the results of your study to include annual water savings and provide such documentation to the Authority.

Please complete and return to the EAA the Landscape and Irrigation Water-Use Survey which is attached.

2. Have you established a watering regimen that uses only the amount of groundwater necessary to maintain the viability of the turf and maintain it in a safe condition? (Circle One) Yes No

If so, please describe below your watering regimen.

3. Have you installed a computer controlled irrigation system (CCIS)? (Circle One) Yes No

4. If you have recently installed a new computer controlled irrigation system (CCIS), please describe below the operation of the CCIS using ETo-based irrigation schedules. Your CCIS system should include, at a minimum, the following components: computer controller (digital operating system), software, interface modules, satellite field controller, soil sensors, and weather stations.

5. Is non-Edwards Aquifer water currently available in your area to substitute for your Edwards Aquifer groundwater? (Circle One) Yes No 6. What are your plans to obtain alternative water supplies? Please describe your plans and include the potential date of conversion. If you have already committed to doing so and these plans include the use of treated effluent, please provide a copy of the letter of commitment from the appropriate agency and a copy of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) permit authorizing the use of treated effluent in your area.

POU Number:

#### Ind-6 ATHLETIC FIELD CONSERVATION

#### Optional to be implemented if your well is used for athletic field irrigation.

Athletic field conservation is an effective method of reducing regional groundwater demand through the implementation of a watering regimen that uses only the amount of groundwater necessary to maintain the viability of the turf and maintain the turf in a safe condition. Groundwater must only be applied to areas that are essential to the use of the field and a landscape water-use survey must be completed and development reference evapotranspiration (ETo)-based irrigation schedules equal to no more than 80% of reference evapotranspiration is required. When cost-effective, groundwater conservation through utilization of a computer-controlled irrigation system (CCIS), or similar technology should be applied.

1. Have you established a watering regimen that uses only the amount of groundwater necessary to maintain the viability of the turf and maintain it in a safe condition? (Circle One) Yes No

If so, please describe below your watering regimen and describe the location and dimensions of the athletic field and the type of turf.

2. Have you performed a landscape survey to determine ETo-based irrigation schedules? (Circle One) Yes No

If so, please describe below the results of your study to include annual water savings and provide us with such documentation.

Please complete and return to the EAA the Landscape and Irrigation Water-Use Survey which is attached.

3. If you have recently installed a new Computer Controlled Irrigation System (CCIS), please describe below the operation of the CCIS using ETo-based irrigation schedules. Your CCIS system should include, at a minimum, the following components: computer controller (digital operating system), software, interface modules, satellite field controller, soil sensors, and weather stations.

#### Ind-7 NURSERY CONSERVATION

#### Optional to be implemented if your well is used to irrigate nursery stock.

Nursery conservation is an effective method of reducing regional groundwater demands and this BMP requires the implementation of a watering regimen that uses only the amount of groundwater necessary to replace evapotranspiration and to maintain the viability of plants.

- 1. Have you developed the use of multiple watering zones for your different variety of plants? (Circle One) Yes No
- 2. Please describe the status of any new irrigation techniques and irrigation systems you are now using such as low-pressure sprinklers and/or micro irrigation systems.

3. Describe below how you maintain use of your current irrigation techniques. This may include increasing the moisture holding capacity of soils or using soil amendments such as wetting agents, polymers/gels, peat moss or compost. Reduction of evaporative losses may also be achieved by utilizing mulch on plants in large containers.

4. If you have implemented a water recovery and reuse system, please describe below how the program is used to capture and reuse runoff water.

#### Ind-8 COOLING TOWER CONSERVATION

#### Optional to be implemented if your well is used for a cooling tower.

Cooling towers can be among the largest water using systems in industrial processes. The greatest opportunity to conserve water in cooling towers applications can be realized by controlling the amount of bleed-off and make-up water required by the system through the utilization of processes or equipment that minimize the amount of required make-up water, while still meeting the operating parameters of the cooling system.

1. Program description:

3.

4.

5.

2. Please provide the capacity and number of your cooling towers.

i	500-200 tons	<u>201-500 tons</u>	<u>501-800 tons</u>	<u>801-1000 tons</u>	<u>1001 + tons</u>
-					
	Total Number of Towers	:			
Have you c	conducted an efficiency wa	ater audit on your co	cooling tower(s)?	(Circle One)	Yes No
Please chec	ck all conservation measur	es you have implen	nented for your coolin	ng towers:	
	Using shielding	to minimize evapo	orative loss.		
	Utilizing safe c	hemical additives to	o control scaling and	extend useable "life	e" of water in cooling tower.
	Running system	n with increased cyc	cles of concentration.		
	Installed condu	ctivity or pH monit	oring systems to cont	rol bleed-off.	
	Installed meters	s to monitor amount	t of bleed off and mal	ke up water.	
	If feasible, insta	alled an automatic s	hut-off system to pov	wer-down cooling to	ower when not in use.
	Collecting wate	er from other on site	uses that is suitable	for make-up water	or can be treated for such use.
	Harvesting rain	water as available t	o use as make-up wa	ter.	
	Reusing bleed-	off water for other p	processes on site.		
	e not already provide this i n of the process your cooli		-	ng:	

#### 6. System Requirements:

Description of conductivity or pH sensors used to control bleed off:

Description of chemical compounds and amounts used to amend water quality for cooling tower use:

#### Ind-9 CONSERVATION PROGRAMS FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICANTS

#### Optional to be implemented by all industrial users if BMP-4 through BMP-8 do not apply.

Conservation programs for industrial users are essential for reducing water usage in the industrial sector. An effective water-use survey must include an evaluation of all water-using equipment and processes and must result in a report identifying potential conservation measures and their expected payback.

1. Conduct a water use survey or implement another method to reduce your water usage. Please indicate below which method you have chosen to reduce your water usage:

Completion of an industrial water use survey:

Implementation of other program:

# Please provide the EAA with the results of your own survey or you may complete and return to the EAA the Industrial Water Use Survey which is attached.

If you have chosen to implement another water reduction program instead of completing an industrial water use survey, please describe the program below. Additionally, your water reduction must be an amount equal to 10% of baseline usage which is your total verified maximum historical use.

# Landscape and Irrigation Water Use Survey (Attachment to Ind.-4, Ind.-5 and Ind.-6)

<b>General Information:</b>	
POU Number:	
Owner Name:	
Contact Person:	Contact Phone:
User Type (check one):	□ Residential □ Golf/Sports Field □ Industrial/Commercial/Institutional
	Other:
Method of measurement:	
(check one)	□ Irrigation Meter □ Well Meter □ System Pressure
Landscape and Irrigation Water-U Irrigation System	se Inventory
Туре:	□ Hose □ Sprinkler □ Drip
Location:	□ In-Ground □ Aboveground No. of Valves:
Irrigation Controller: Frequency of Use:	□ Manual □ Automatic Rain shut off valve? □ Yes □ No Avg. no. days per week: Avg. no. minutes per irrigation cycle:
Irrigation Time:	□ Mornings □Evening From a.m./p.m. Toa.m./p.m.
Irrigation months (Circle all that apply):	Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec
Irrigation water use/cycle (gal):	Initial Meter reading:          Total Cycle water Use:
Irrigation water use/time (gal):	Avg. Day:  Avg. Week:  Avg. Month:  gal
Irrigation water use (%):	Turf:%   Plant beds/garden:%   Leaks:%   Other%
Irrigation runoff:	□Yes □ No If yes, describe:
Leaks:	□ Yes □ No If yes, describe:
Controller schedule reset:	□ Weekly □ Monthly □ Seasonal □ Yearly □ Never
Controller schedule set by:	□ Homeowner/Site Manager □ Maintenance Contractor
Landscape Area	
Total Lot size (sq. ft.):	Lot area irrigated (sq.ft.): Lot area irrigated (%):
Irrigated area that is turf (sq. ft.):	Irrigated area that is non-turf (sq. ft.):

Modified from Water Use and Conservation, Amy Vickers Associates, Inc., 2001

# Landscape and Irrigation Water Use Survey (Continued) (Attachment to Ind.-4, Ind.-5 and Ind.-6)

urf Grass and Plants				
rass Type: Cool Season 🗆 Warm Season 🗆 Mix: Cool (%): 🗆 Warm (%):				
rass mow height:inches Number of Watering Zones/Valves:				
Are zones separated by plant/turf watering needs?				
oil				
oil Type:  Clay  Loam  Sandy Loam Mix (describe):				
ondition:Nutrient Level:				
ompaction: $\Box$ Light $\Box$ Medium $\Box$ HeavySufficient mulch around plants? $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ No				

Modified from Water Use and Conservation, Amy Vickers Associates, Inc., 2001

### Industrial Water Use Survey (Attachment to Ind-9)

General Information Owner Name:		
Contact Person:		
Email address:		 
Describe type of facility, products of services:		
Is recycled water currently used on your site?	☐ Yes ☐ No ter used annually.	

# **Building and Facility Water-Use Inventory**

Please complete the following as it pertains to your operation. If your type of operation is not compatible with the categories below, please indicate type of use under "Miscellaneous Uses" at the end of this list.

Water Use	Number	Average Flow Rate or Water Use Per Unit (e.g., gallons per use per minute, etc)	Average No. Uses Per Unit Per Day	Annual Use
Bathrooms/Lavatories	5			
Drinking water fountains				
Women's				
Toilets				
Showerheads				
Sinks (faucets)				
Whirlpool				
Other				
Other				
Other				
Men's				
Toilets				
Showerheads				
Sinks (faucets)				
Whirlpool				
Other				
Other				
Other				

# Industrial Water Use Survey (Continued)

	(Attachment to Ind-9)						
Water Use	Number	Average Flow Rate or Water Use Per Unit (e.g., gallons per use per minute, etc)	Average No. Uses Per Unit Per Day	Annual Use			
<b>Cleaning and Sanitatio</b>	<u>n</u>						
Manual Washing							
Vehicle Washing							
Dust Control							
Steam Sterilizers							
Mop Sink							
Laboratory							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Process Water Uses	•						
Process water and rinsing							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Kitchen and Restauran	its		1	I			
Sinks							
Dishwashers							
Icemakers							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Laundries and Laundr	omats						
Washing Machines							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Other							
Swimming Pools, Pond	s & Lakes						
Swimming Pools							
Fountains/Water Falls							
Ponds							
Lakes							
Other							
Other							
Other							

#### Industrial Water Use Survey (Continued) (Attachment to Ind-9)

Water Use	Number	Average Flow Rate or Water Use Per Unit (e.g., gallons per use per minute, etc)	Average No. Uses Per Unit Per Day	Annual Use
Cooling Systems		·		
Cooling Systems/Towers				
Heating Systems				
Other				
Leaks and Losses				I
Leaks and Losses				
Malfunctions				
Other				
Miscellaneous Uses				
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

Areas where conservation (efficiency measures) can be implemented. Please include the areas and items recommended for improvement and the recommended conservation measures.

Item/Area	Qty.	Description:

# Industrial Water Use Survey (Continued) (Attachment to Ind-9)

# Potential Water Savings After Improvements

Water Efficiency Measure	Current Water Use (A)	Potential Water Savings From Efficiency Measures (B)	Estimated Future Water Use (A-B)	Estimated (%) Future Water Use With Conservation (B/A)	Projected Life of Conservation Measure

#### Industrial Water Use Survey (Continued) (Attachment to Ind-9)

Water Use Estimates: The following water use estimates are provided to assist you in determining your current use and/or water savings.

#### House Hold Use

Type of use and year of installation.	Use Rate or Flow Rate	Frequency of Use (per persons per day)	
Clothes Washer Use	Gallons per load	Loads per day	
1998 - Present	27	0.37	
1990-Present	39 or 43	0.37	
1980-1990	51	0.37	
Dishwasher Use	Gallons per load	Loads per day	
1997 - Present	4.5	0.10	
1995 - Present	7-10.5	0.10	
1990-1995	9.5-12.0	0.10	
Faucet Use	Gallons per min.	Minutes per day	
1994-Present	1.5 or 2.5	8.1	
1980-1994	2.75 or 3.0	8.1	
Pre-1980	3.0-7.0	8.1	
Showerhead Use	Gallons per min.	Minutes per day	
1994-Present	2.5	5.3	
1980-1994	2.75, 3.0 or 4.0	5.3	
Pre-1980	5.0-8.0	5.3	
Toilet Use	Gallons per flush	Flushes per day	
1994-Present	1.0 or 1.6	5.1	
1980-1994	3.5, 4.0 or 4.5	5.1	
1950s-1980	5.0 or 5.5	5.1	

#### **Office Building Use**

Type of use and year of installation.	Use Rate or Flow Rate		Use (per persons r day)
Urinal Use	Gallons per flush	Male	Female
1990-Present			
(waterless)	0.0	2	0
1994-present (flush)	1.0	2	0
1980-1994 (flush)	1.5, 2.0, 3.0 or 4.5	2	0
Pre-1980 (flush)	5.0	2	0
Toilet Use	Gallons per flush		
1994-Present	1.0 or 1.6	1	3
1980-1994	3.5, 4.0 or 4.5	1	3
1950-1980	5.0 or 5.5	1	3

Modified from Water Use and Conservation, Amy Vickers & Associates, Inc., 2001